

The Goussarov-Polyak-Viro (GPV) Theorem

July 21, 2021

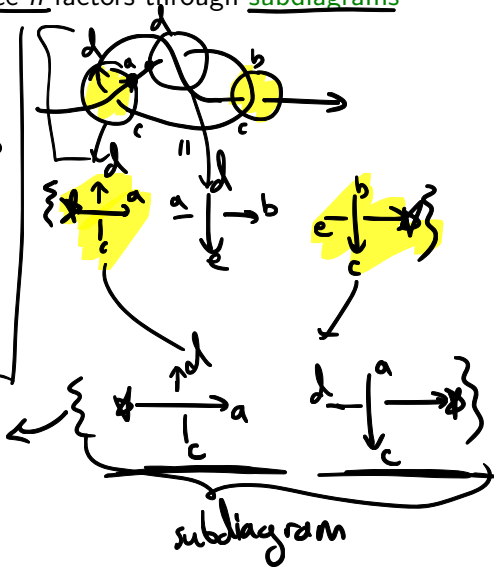
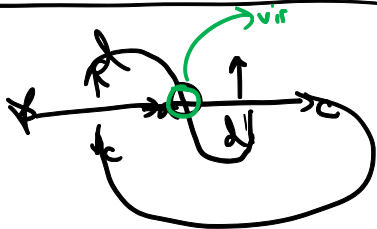
"Statement of the theorem"

"A finite type invariant of degree n factors through subdiagrams with $\leq n$ Xings"

$v: \mathcal{UD} \rightarrow \text{Abelian gp}$

$X := \uparrow \downarrow - \uparrow \downarrow$

$v(\underbrace{X \dots X}_{> n}) = 0$



Statement of the theorem

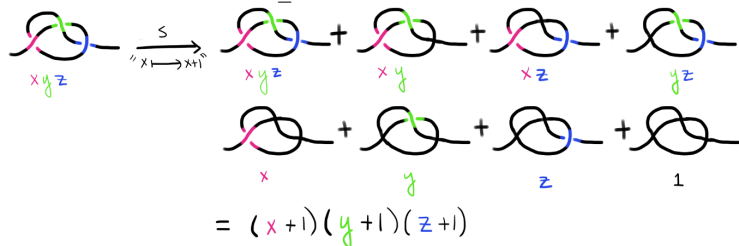
Theorem (Goussarov, Polyak, Viro): Given a finite type invariant $\nu : u\mathcal{D} \rightarrow A$ of degree n , there exists $\omega : v\mathcal{D} \rightarrow A$ such that:

1. $\omega \circ s = \nu$ (the following diagram commutes)
2. $\omega = 0$ on diagrams with $> n$ (real or double point) Xings.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & v\mathcal{D} \\ & \nearrow s & \downarrow \exists \omega \\ u\mathcal{D} & \xrightarrow{\nu} & A \\ \downarrow \pi & \nearrow \nu & \\ u\mathcal{K} & & \end{array}$$

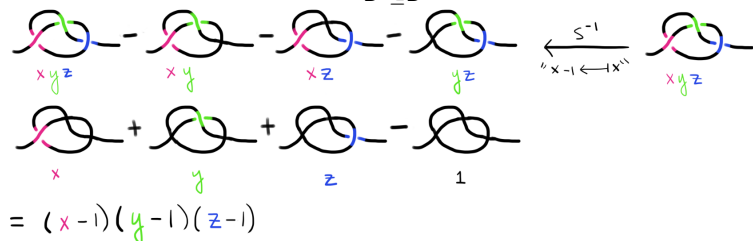
The map s and its inverse

The map $s : D \mapsto \sum_{D' \subseteq D} D'$ can be thought of as " $x \mapsto x + 1$ ":



$$= (x+1)(y+1)(z+1)$$

so its inverse is $s^{-1} : D \mapsto \sum_{D' \subseteq D} (-1)^{|D' - D|} D'$, or " $x \mapsto x - 1$ ":



$$= (x-1)(y-1)(z-1)$$

The map P : properties

We want a map $P : v\mathcal{D} \rightarrow u\mathcal{D}$ which satisfies:

1. $\nu \circ P = \nu$ on real knot diagrams
2. $\nu \circ P \circ s^{-1} = 0$ on diagrams with $> n$ (real or singular) Xings

$$\begin{array}{ccc} v\mathcal{D} & \xleftarrow{s^{-1}} & v\mathcal{D} \\ P \downarrow & \nearrow s & \downarrow \exists \omega \\ u\mathcal{D} & \xrightarrow{\nu} & A \\ \pi \downarrow & \nearrow \nu & \\ u\mathcal{K} & & \end{array}$$

Then we can define

$$\boxed{\omega = \nu \circ P \circ s^{-1}}$$

The map P : what it actually "is" (Roukema's version)

1. Make a first-come-first-serve tree

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The map P : what it actually "is" (Roukema's version)

1. Make a first-come-first-serve tree
2. Change all bad Xings to good Xings (using the double point relation)

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The map P : what it actually "is" (Roukema's version)

1. Make a first-come-first-serve tree
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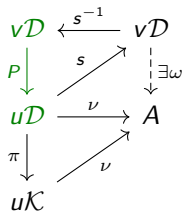
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4. Repeat steps 1, 2 and 3 until...

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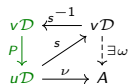


The map P : why it works

To show that P works, we must show:

1. $\nu \circ P = \nu$ on real knot diagrams
2. $\nu \circ P \circ s^{-1} = 0$ on $> n$ Xings

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So we are done! But...

Confusions

- ▶ Is it necessary to repeat step 1?
- ▶ How important is a first-come-first-serve tree? Can we build other trees?
- ▶ How can we change the ordering of the issues?
- ▶ Is there a more “direct” description of ω ?

Generalizations

- ▶ To (not-long) knots, tangles, links?